# MARKOV The New Road to WAR

Gordon Arsenoff

2018-08-10

### SALO 2.0: Bayesian ordered logit for SoG and penalties

$$Pr(away shot) = \Lambda(\alpha_{sa} - X\beta_s - Z\gamma_s)$$

$$Pr(home shot) = \Lambda(\alpha_{sh} + X\beta_s + Z\gamma_s)$$

(likelihood)

$$Pr(away pen) = \Lambda(\alpha_{pa} - X\beta_{p} - Z\gamma_{p})$$

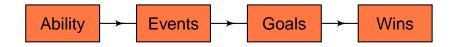
$$Pr(home pen) = \Lambda(\alpha_{ph} + X\beta_p + Z\gamma_p)$$

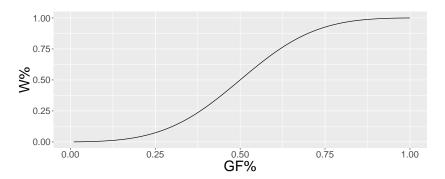
$$\gamma_s \sim N(0, \sigma_s)$$
  $\gamma_p \sim N(0, \sigma_p)$  (prior)

$$GP \sim \mathsf{BB}(82, \alpha_{\mathsf{G}} + \gamma_{\mathsf{s}}\beta_{\mathsf{G}}, \phi)$$
 ([name?])

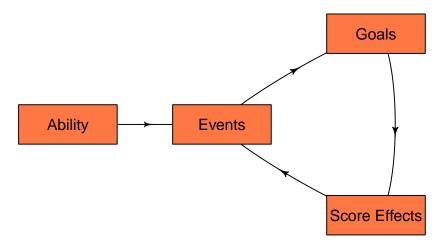
#### WAR: combining multiple abilities into an overall value



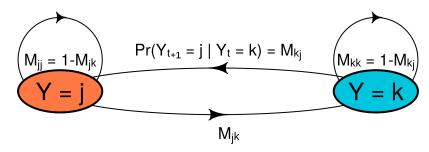




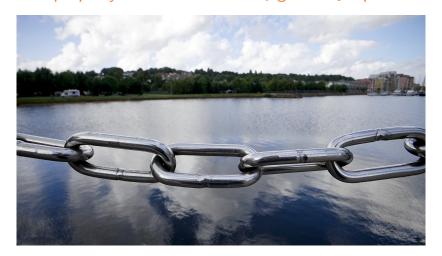
bWAR 2.x accounts for this

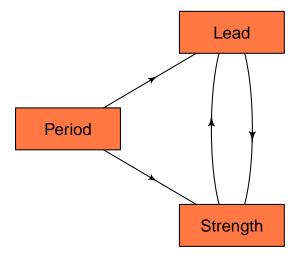


$$M = \begin{bmatrix} M_{jj} & M_{jk} \\ M_{kj} & M_{kk} \end{bmatrix}$$



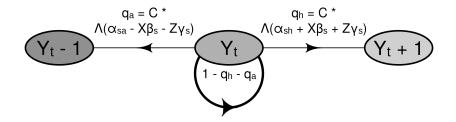
## *Markov property*: Distribution of $Y_t$ given $Y_0$ equals $M^t$

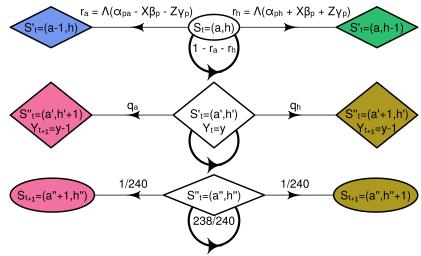




## Transition matrices defined separately for each period

$$M^* = (M_1)^{2400} \times (M_2)^{2400} \times (M_3)^{2400}$$





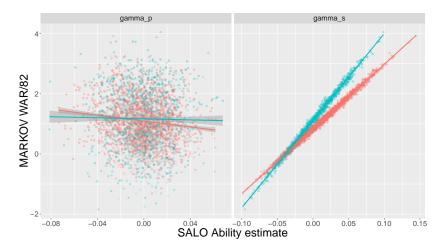
#### Assumptions are added for finiteness and completeness

- $\blacktriangleright$  M is cropped to 135  $\times$  135 (15 leads, 9 strength states)
- Average ice time: forwards 15:00, defensemen 20:00
- Model-based replacement player

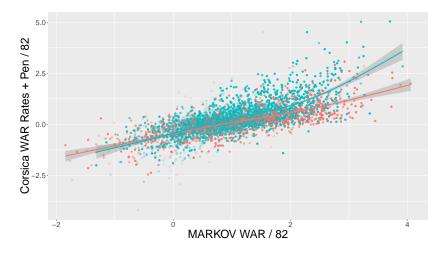
## Top players mostly D (ice time assumption is severe)

season	player	pos	mean	sd
20152016	KRIS LETANG	D	4.055	1.550
20152016	PAVEL DATSYUK	C	3.916	1.267
20132014	MARK GIORDANO	D	3.880	1.572
20152016	JAKE MUZZIN	D	3.741	1.582
20152016	HAMPUS LINDHOLM	D	3.740	1.573
20152016	COLTON PARAYKO	D	3.727	1.574
20142015	PATRICE BERGERON	C	3.701	1.258
20172018	RADKO GUDAS	D	3.449	1.602
20152016	OLIVER EKMAN-LARSSON	D	3.382	1.547
20152016	CARL HAGELIN	L	3.356	1.248

#### WAR is almost linear in shots and unrelated to penalties



### Corsica WAR is not quite linear in MARKOV WAR



## https://www.salohockey.net

